

King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals

Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering

CE 201 – Statics

Semester: 131
Examination: Final
Date (Day): January 5, 2014 (Sunday)
Time: 07:00 – 10:00 p.m.

Section	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10
Instructor	Al-Malack	Al-Malack	Chowdhury	Vohra	Hussain	Al-Attas	Al-Amoudi	Al-Osta	Hajyaseen
Time	07:00	08:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	11:00	11:00	10:00	09:00
Tick									

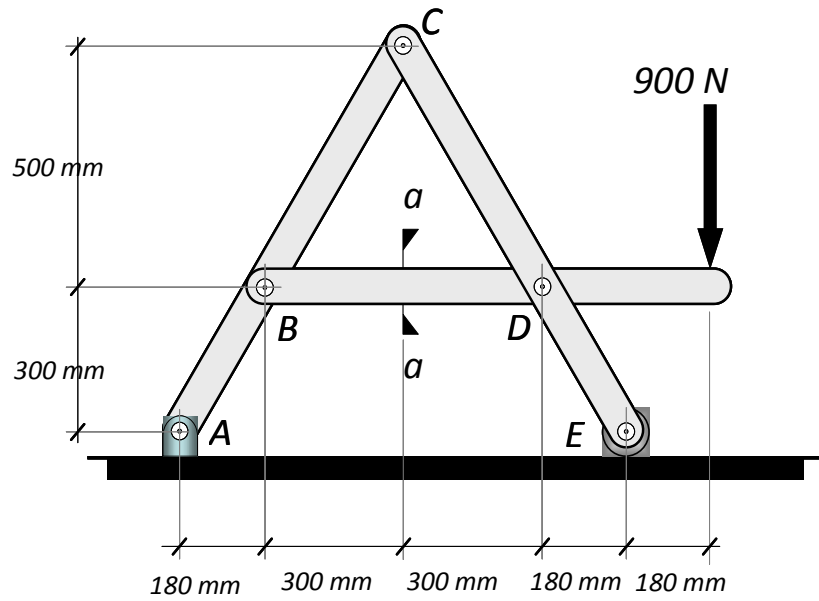
Student's Name :
Student's ID :

Problem	Assigned Grade	Earned Grade
1	25 (Points)	
2	25 (Points)	
3	20 (Points)	
4	15 (Points)	
5	15 (Points)	
Total	100 (Points)	

Good Luck

Problem 1 (25 Points)

The three-member frame is supported by a pin at A and by a roller at B as shown in the figure below. Determine the internal shear force, normal force and bending moment at section $a-a$ (at member BD).



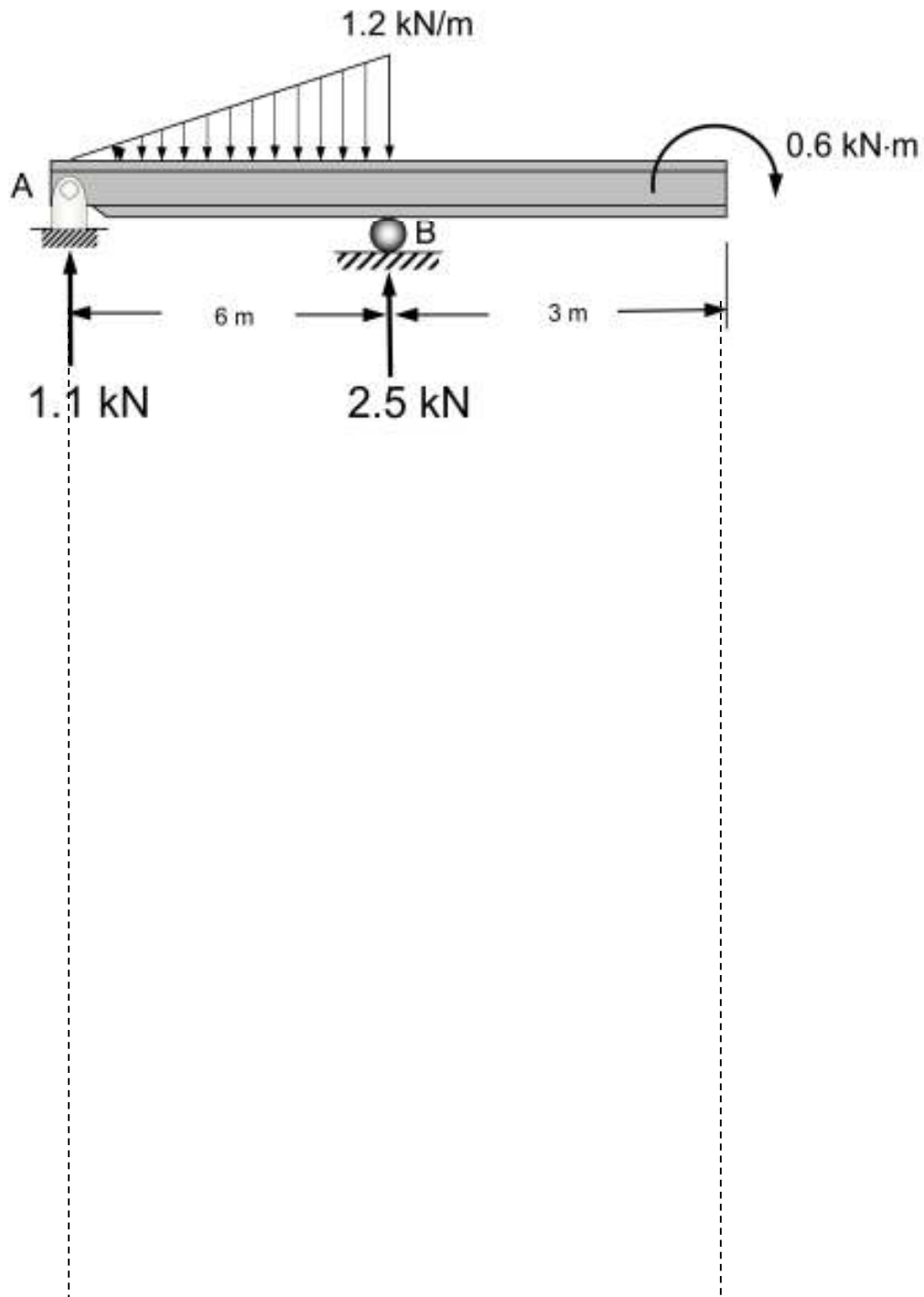
Problem 2 (25 Points)

For the beam shown below:

(15 Points) 1) Determine the equations for the shear force and bending moment.

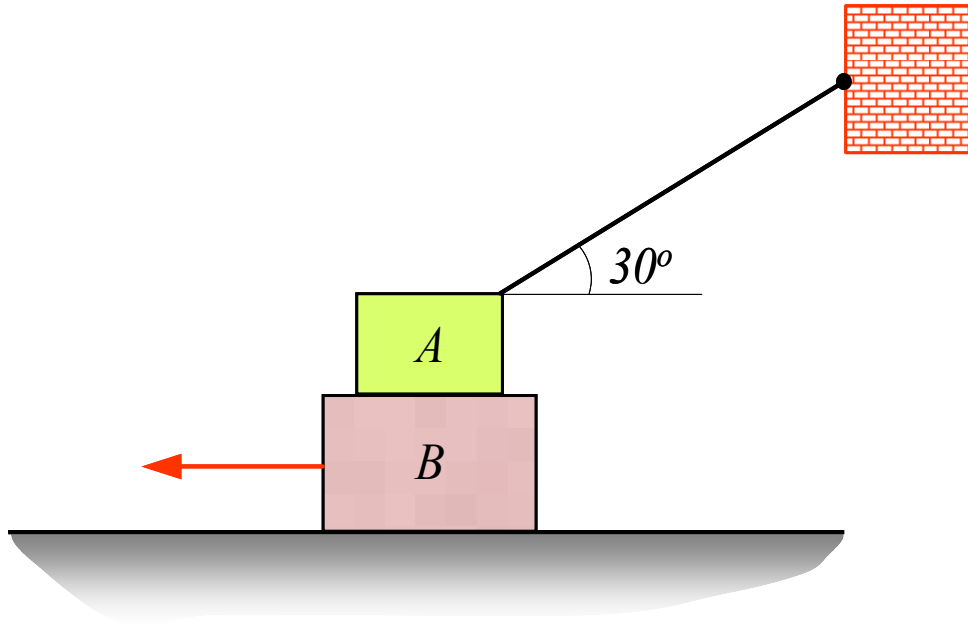
(10 Points) 2) Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams.

The reactions at the supports A and B are given ($R_A = 1.1$ kN and $R_B = 2.5$ kN).
Develop the equations on **page 5** and draw the diagrams on **this page**.

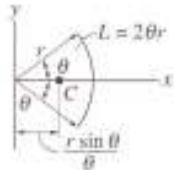
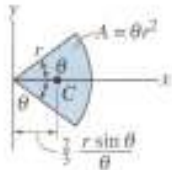
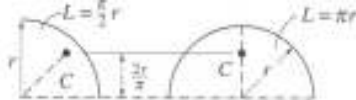
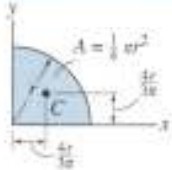
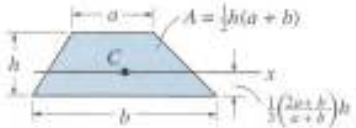
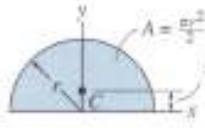
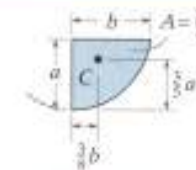
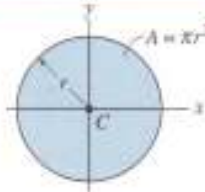
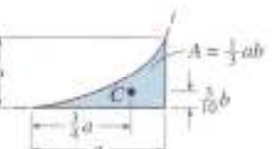
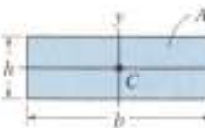
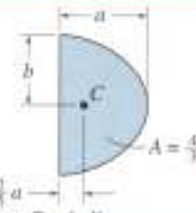
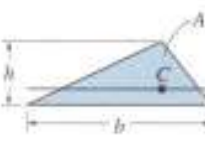


Problem 3 (20 Points)

Two blocks A and B of weights 1 kN and 2 kN, respectively, are in equilibrium position as shown in the figure below. If the coefficient of friction between the two blocks as well as the block B and the floor is 0.3, find the force P required to cause impending motion in the two box assembly.



Geometric Properties of Line and Area Elements

Centroid Location	Centroid Location	Area Moment of Inertia
		$I_x = \frac{1}{4} r^4 (\theta - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta)$ $I_y = \frac{1}{4} r^4 (\theta + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta)$
Circular arc segment	Circular sector area	
		$I_x = \frac{1}{60} \pi r^4$ $I_y = \frac{1}{60} \pi r^4$
Quarter and semicircle arcs	Quarter circle area	
		$I_x = \frac{1}{8} \pi r^4$ $I_y = \frac{1}{8} \pi r^4$
Trapezoidal area	Semicircular area	
		$I_x = \frac{1}{4} \pi r^4$ $I_y = \frac{1}{4} \pi r^4$
Semiparabolic area	Circular area	
		$I_x = \frac{1}{12} bh^3$ $I_y = \frac{1}{12} bb^3$
Exparabolic area	Rectangular area	
		$I_x = \frac{1}{36} bh^3$
Parabolic area	Triangular area	

Center of Gravity and Mass Moment of Inertia of Homogeneous Solids

