

King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals

Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering

CE 201 – Statics

Semester: 142
Examination: Final
Date (Day): May 20, 2015 (Wednesday)
Time: 07:00 – 10:00 p.m.

Section	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Instructor	Al-Malack	Al-Malack	Chowdhury	Al-Osta	Ahmed	Essa	Al-Attas
Time	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	11:00	10:00	11:00
Tick							

Student's Name :
Student's ID :

Problem	Assigned Grade	Earned Grade
1	20 Points	
2	25 Points	
3	25 Points	
4	15 Points	
5	15 Points	
Total	100 (Points)	

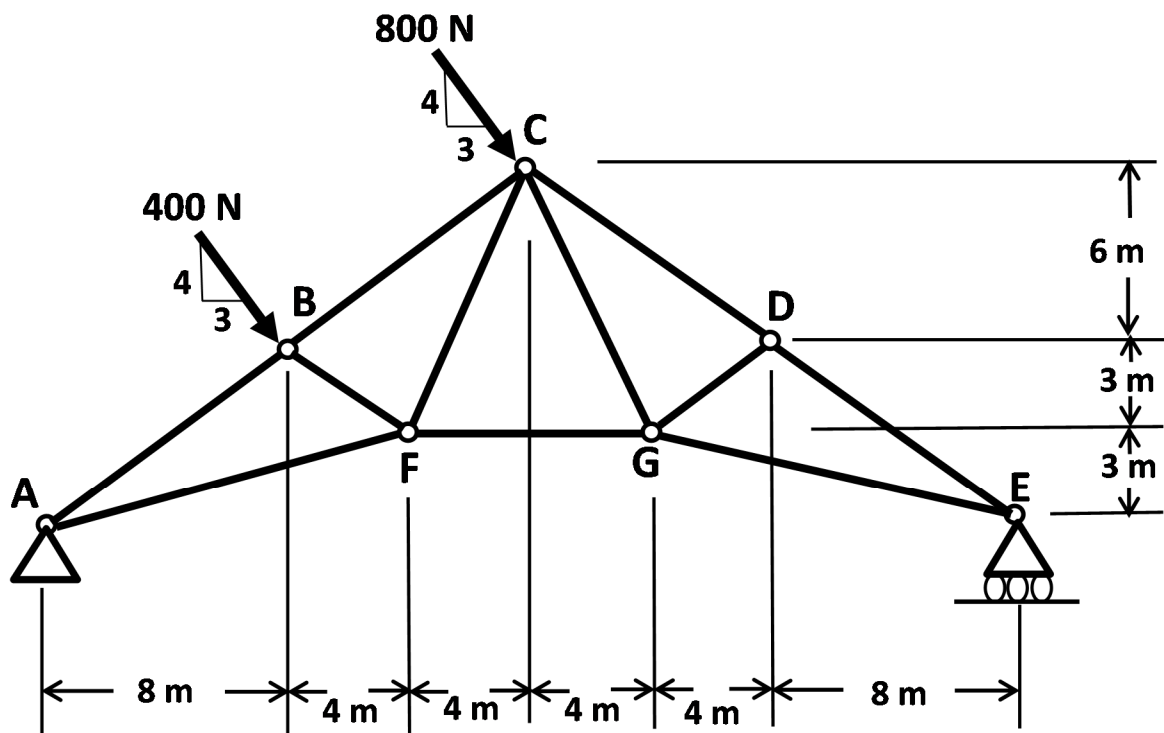
Good Luck

Problem 1 (20 Points)

In the truss shown below, determine:

- (5 Points) 1. The support reactions at **A** (pin) and **E** (roller).
- (10 Points) 3. The force in members **BC** and **BF** of the truss by the **method of joints**, and indicate whether the member is in tension or compression.
- (5 Points) 4. Determine the force in member **CD** of the truss shown below using the **method of sections**. Indicate if the members are in tension or compression.

Note: Show all solution steps



Problem 2 (25 Points)

The beam shown in the figure is supported by pin at A and roller at B.

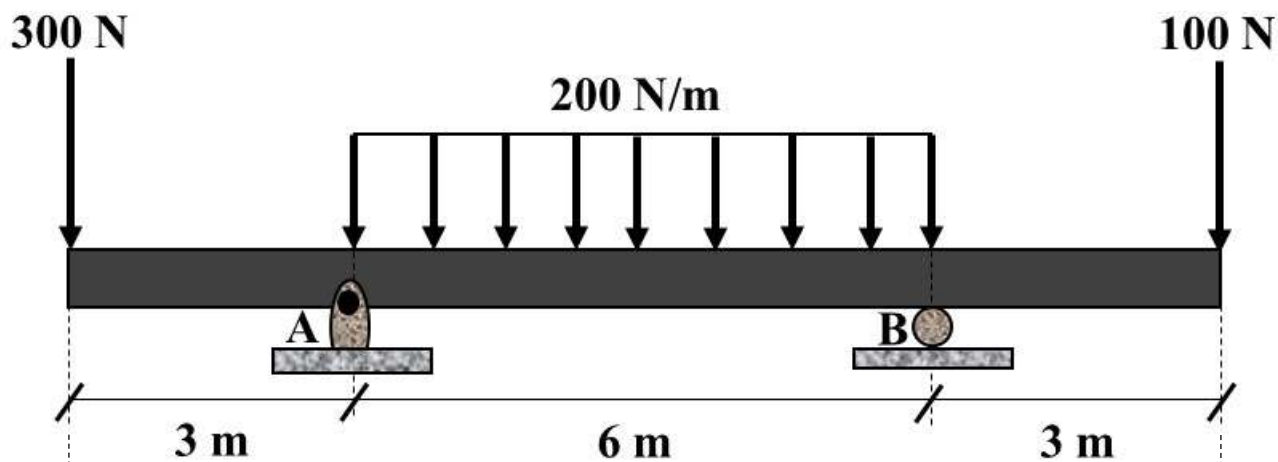
(5 Points) 1) Determine the support reactions at A and B

(10 Points) 1) Determine the equations for the shear force and bending moment.

(10 Points) 2) Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams.

Develop the equations on **page 5** and draw the diagrams on **this page**.

Note: Show all solution steps

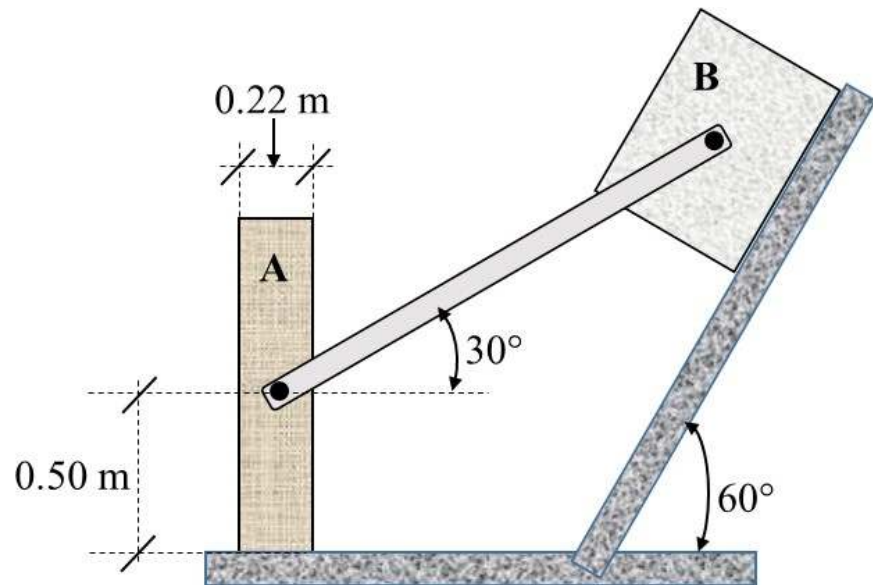


Problem 3 (25 Points)

Referring to the following figure, block A weighs 40 kN and B weighs 30 kN. If $\mu = 0.20$ under B.

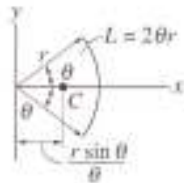
1. Compute the minimum coefficient of friction under A to prevent motion.
2. Determine if Block A remains in equilibrium.

Note: Show all solution steps



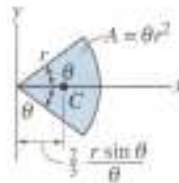
Geometric Properties of Line and Area Elements

Centroid Location



Circular arc segment

Centroid Location

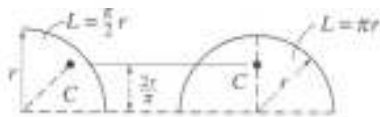


Circular sector area

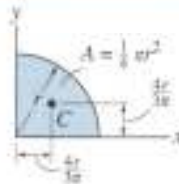
Area Moment of Inertia

$$I_x = \frac{1}{4} r^4 (\theta - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta)$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{4} r^4 (\theta + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta)$$



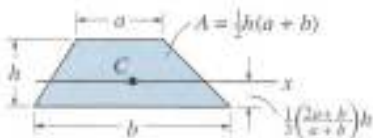
Quarter and semicircle arcs



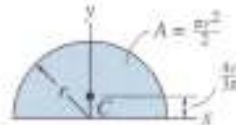
Quarter circle area

$$I_x = \frac{1}{16} \pi r^4$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{16} \pi r^4$$



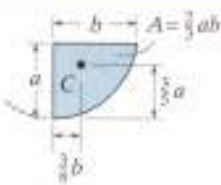
Trapezoidal area



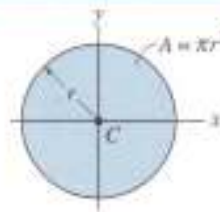
Semicircular area

$$I_x = \frac{1}{8} \pi r^4$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{8} \pi r^4$$



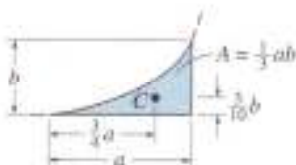
Semiparabolic area



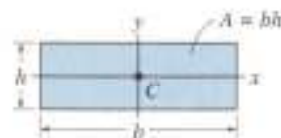
Circular area

$$I_x = \frac{1}{4} \pi r^4$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{4} \pi r^4$$



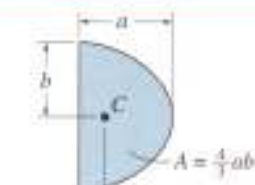
Exparabolic area



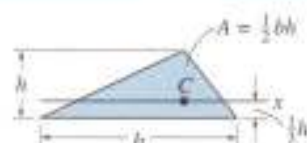
Rectangular area

$$I_x = \frac{1}{12} bh^3$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{12} ab^3$$



Parabolic area



Triangular area

$$I_x = \frac{1}{36} bh^3$$

Center of Gravity and Mass Moment of Inertia of Homogeneous Solids

